



CYARA DATA PROCESSING AGREEMENT

Last Updated: December 31, 2024

This Cyara Data Processing Agreement (this “**DPA**”) between Customer and Cyara establishes the parties’ respective responsibilities under Data Protection Laws with respect to Personal Data to be processed by Cyara as a Processor pursuant to the Master Services Agreement or similar written agreement entered into by the parties with respect to Cyara’s provision of, and Customer’s use of, the Services (the “**Agreement**”). By executing an Order Form or other document incorporating the Agreement which references this DPA, Customer acknowledges that this DPA is an addendum to, and forms a vital part of, the Agreement, and thereby agrees to be bound by this DPA.

1. **Definitions.** Capitalized terms used but not defined in this DPA will have the meanings ascribed to them in the Agreement. In this DPA, the following initially capitalized terms will have the meanings set out below.
 - 1.1. “**Customer**” means the party that purchases or uses the Services pursuant to the Agreement.
 - 1.2. “**Cyara**” means the Cyara entity that is a party to the Agreement with Customer (i.e., either Cyara, Inc. or one of its Affiliates).
 - 1.3. “**Data Protection Laws**” means any data protection laws or regulations applicable to Cyara’s processing of the Personal Data under this DPA, including without limitation: (a) EU Area Law; (b) the California Consumer Privacy Act of 2018, as amended by the California Privacy Rights Action of 2020 (“**CCPA**”); (c) any laws or regulations ratifying, implementing, adopting, supplementing or replacing the foregoing; and (d) any guidance or codes of practice issued by a governmental or regulatory body or authority in relation to compliance with the foregoing; in each case, to the extent in force, and as such are updated, amended or replaced from time to time.
 - 1.4. “**Data Subject Request**” means a request from a Data Subject to exercise their data subject rights under Data Protection Laws, including, but not limited to, those data subject rights under Chapter 3 of the GDPR.
 - 1.5. “**DPA Effective Date**” means the date of the Agreement is effective.
 - 1.6. “**EU Area**” means the European Union, the European Economic Area, United Kingdom (“**UK**”), and Switzerland.
 - 1.7. “**EU Area Law**” means (a) the Regulation (EU) 2016/679 (“**GDPR**”); (b) the GDPR as amended and incorporated into UK law under the UK European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 and as amended by Schedule 1 to the Data Protection, Privacy and Electronic Communication (Amendments etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 (SI 2019/419) (the “**UK GDPR**”); (c) the Revised Swiss Federal Act on Data Protection of 25 September 2020 (“**FADP**”); (d) any successor or amendments thereto (including, without limitation, implementation of GDPR by Member States into their national law); or (d) any other law relating to the data protection, security, or privacy of individuals that applies in the EU Area.
 - 1.8. “**Personal Data**” means any data which (a) qualifies as “Personal Data”, “Personal Information”, “Personally Identifiable Information” or any substantially similar term under applicable Data Protection Laws and (b) is processed by Cyara on behalf of Customer in connection with the Agreement.
 - 1.9. “**Personal Data Breach**” means a breach of security leading to the accidental or unlawful destruction, loss, alteration, unauthorized disclosure of, or access to, Personal Data transmitted, stored or otherwise processed by Cyara.
 - 1.10. “**Personnel**” means any personnel of Cyara who are authorized to process Personal Data under the authority of Cyara.
 - 1.11. “**Services**” means the services provided by Cyara to Customer pursuant to the Agreement.
 - 1.12. “**Standard Contractual Clauses**” or “**SCCs**” means the 2021 EU SCCs and/or the 2021 EU SCCs as amended by the UK Addendum or any applicable successor clauses to either of the foregoing. “**2021 EU SCCs**” means the standard contractual clauses for the transfer of European Area Personal Data to Third Countries as adopted by the European Commission or any successor clauses thereto.
 - 1.13. “**Sub-Processor**” means any third party appointed by or on behalf of Cyara in connection with the processing of Personal Data in connection with the Agreement.
 - 1.14. “**Third Country**” means (a) a country or territory that has not received an adequacy decision relating to data transfers from the European Commission as further set forth in the GDPR, and/or (b) a country or territory that does not have

“essentially equivalent” privacy laws as further set forth in the UK GDPR.

1.15. **“UK Addendum”** means the International Data Transfer Addendum to the EU Commission Standard Contractual Clauses as issued by the UK Information Commissioner under s119A(1) of the UK Data Protection Act 2018, Version B1.0, in force 21 March 2022, or such alternative as may be approved by the UK Information Commissioner from time to time.

1.16. In this DPA, the following terms (and any substantially similar terms as defined under Data Protection Laws) shall have the meanings and otherwise be interpreted in accordance with Data Protection Laws: **Business, Controller, Data Controller, Data Processor, Data Subject, Processor, Sell, Service Provider, process(ing)** and **transfer**.

2. Scope of DPA.

2.1. Scope. This DPA applies where and solely to the extent that Cyara processes Personal Data in accordance with the Agreement (the **“Business Purpose”**). The subject matter and duration of the processing, nature and purpose of the processing, type of Personal Data and categories of Data Subjects are set out in Annex I to Exhibit 1 attached hereto, which is hereby incorporated by reference.

2.2. Role of the Parties. As between Customer and Cyara, Customer is the Data Controller (as defined by Data Protection Laws) and Business (collectively, **“Controller”**) of the Personal Data and Cyara is the Data Processor (as defined by Data Protection Laws) and Service Provider (collectively, **“Processor”**) for the Personal Data processed by Cyara in connection with Customer’s access to and use of the Services.

2.3. Compliance with Laws. Each Party will comply with its obligations under Data Protection Laws in connection with the processing of Personal Data. In connection with its access to and use of the Services, Controller shall process Personal Data within the Services and provide Processor with instructions in accordance with Data Protection Laws, as well as any other applicable laws relating to any emails or other content created, sent, or managed by Controller within or through the Services.

3. Controller’s Obligations.

3.1. General. Controller represents and warrants to Processor that (a) Controller will remain duly and effectively authorized to give the Instructions (defined below) set out in the Agreement, this DPA, or as Controller otherwise provides and (b) Controller retains responsibility for responding, and Controller will promptly respond, to any inquiries regarding the Personal Data, including without limitation any and all Data Subject Requests.

3.2. Data Quality, Integrity, and Security. Controller is solely responsible for the accuracy, quality, and legal compliance relating to the Personal Data. Controller’s use of the Services will not violate the privacy, data protection or other rights of any third party. Processor has no control over the nature, scope, or origin of, or the means by which Controller acquires, Personal Data. Controller is also responsible for independently determining whether the data security provided in the Services meets its obligations under applicable Data Protection Laws, as well as for the secure use of the Services, including protecting the security of Personal Data in transit to and from the Services (e.g., securely backing up and encrypting such Personal Data).

3.3. Notice and Choice. Controller is solely responsible for providing its end users with appropriate notice regarding its processing activities. Controller retains sole responsibility for the collection and maintenance of all necessary consents and rights for, the necessary or appropriate pseudonymization or deidentification of, and the lawful and appropriate use of any Personal Data and Sensitive Personal Data included within the Services, including without limitation all necessary consents, licenses, or approvals for the processing of, or otherwise having a valid legal basis under Data Protection Laws for the processing of, any Personal Data provided by Controller or its end users to Processor in connection with the Services.

4. Processor’s Obligations.

4.1. Instructions. Controller instructs Processor (and authorizes Processor to instruct its Personnel and Sub-Processors) to process the Personal Data, including with regard to transfers of Personal Data to a Third Country or an international organization, for the Business Purpose and in a manner consistent with the Agreement, this DPA, and Data Protection Laws (collectively, the **“Instructions”**). Processor shall not Sell Personal Data or retain, use, or disclose the Personal Data for any purpose other than the Business Purpose or as otherwise expressly permitted by Controller or Data Protection Laws. The parties agree that Controller’s complete and final Instructions with regard to the nature and purposes of the processing are set out in the Agreement and this DPA. Processing outside the scope of these Instructions (if any) will require prior written agreement between Controller and Processor.

- 4.2. No Combination of Personal Data. Processor is prohibited from combining Personal Data which Processor processes on Controller's behalf with Personal Data which Processor receives from or on behalf of another person or persons, or collects from its own interactions with an individual, provided that Processor may combine Personal Data to perform the Business Purpose or as otherwise required to provide the Services.
- 4.3. Confidentiality. Processor will not disclose or transfer Personal Data to any third party (other than its Personnel) without the prior written consent of Controller except as required by Data Protection Laws, regulation, or public authority or as otherwise permitted by this DPA or the Agreement.
- 4.4. Compliance with Law Cooperation. Taking into account the nature of the Processing and the information available to Processor, Processor will provide Controller with such cooperation and assistance as is required by Data Protection Laws, at Controller's expense, as Controller may reasonably request to comply with Controller's obligations under Data Protection Laws, including pursuant to GDPR Articles 32 to 36, with respect to: (a) data protection impact assessments (or similar risk assessment as required under applicable Data Protection Laws) related to Controller's use of the Services to the extent the information is available to Processor and Controller is unable to access such information necessary to perform the assessment; and/or (b) prior consultation with data protection authorities, where required and appropriate.
- 4.5. Security Measures. Processor will implement and maintain reasonable and appropriate technical and organizational measures to ensure a level of security, confidentiality, availability, and integrity of Personal Data processed by Processor in connection with the Services, taking into account the state of the art, the cost of their implementation, and the nature, scope, context, and purposes of processing, as well as the risk of varying likelihood and severity for the rights and freedoms of individuals and the nature of the activities under the Agreement, including, as appropriate, the measures referred to in Article 32(1) of the GDPR. Additional details regarding the measures Processor has taken in this regard can be found in Annex II to Exhibit 1 attached hereto.
- 4.6. Legally Compelled Disclosure. If a law enforcement authority sends Processor a demand for Personal Data (for example, through a subpoena or court order), Processor will (a) attempt to redirect the law enforcement agency to request such Personal Data directly from Controller and (b) promptly notify Controller of any legally binding request for disclosure of the Personal Data, unless otherwise prohibited (such as a prohibition under criminal law to preserve the confidentiality of a law enforcement investigation), to allow Controller to seek a protective order or other appropriate remedy. In connection with subsection (a) above, Processor may provide Controller's basic contact information to the law enforcement authority.
- 4.7. Data Subject Requests. Processor will without undue delay notify Controller of (a) any Data Subject Requests received directly from a Data Subject, including individual opt-out requests, requests for access, correction, portability, and/or deletion, and all similar individual rights requests, or (b) any complaint or inquiry relating to the processing of Personal Data hereunder, including allegations that the processing infringes on any individual's or third party's rights. Processor will not respond to any such request or complaint unless required to do so by applicable Data Protection Laws. Controller may make changes to Personal Data processed as part of the Services using features and functionality of the Services. If and to the extent that Controller is unable to respond to a Data Subject Request or other request or complaint using the features and functionality of the Services, Processor shall, upon Controller's written request, provide Controller with commercially reasonable cooperation and assistance in fulfilling Controller's obligations to provide information about the collection, processing, or usage of Personal Data in connection with a Data Subject Request at Controller's cost and solely as required by Data Protection Laws.
- 4.8. Infringing Instructions; Contrary Laws. Processor will promptly inform Controller if, in its reasonable opinion, Controller's Instructions conflict with the requirements of applicable Data Protection Laws, or if Processor foresees that it cannot comply with its contractual and legal obligations, for whatever reasons, in which case either Party is entitled to suspend data processing operations governed by this DPA. Processor will notify Controller in the event that Data Protection Laws require Processor to process Personal Data other than pursuant to the Instructions (unless prohibited from doing so by applicable law).
- 4.9. Breach Management and Notification. Processor shall notify Controller without undue delay after confirmation of a Personal Data Breach. Processor shall make reasonable efforts to identify the cause of such Personal Data Breach and will provide Controller with all breach-related information that Controller needs to demonstrate compliance with Data Protection Laws. Processor's obligation to report or respond to a Personal Data Breach under this Section 4.9 is not and will not be construed as an acknowledgment by Processor of any fault or liability with respect to the Personal Data Breach. Insofar as a Personal Data Breach relates to Controller, Processor will not make any announcement

about a Personal Data Breach (a “**Breach Notice**”) without (a) prior written consent from Controller and (b) prior written approval by Controller of the content, media, and timing of the Breach Notice, unless required to make a disclosure or announcement by applicable law.

- 4.10. Return of Personal Data. Controller may export Personal Data from the Services at any time during the Term using then-existing features and functionality of the Services. Customer is solely responsible for its data retention obligations with respect to Personal Data. On Customer’s written request on expiration or termination of the Agreement, if and to the extent Controller cannot delete and/or overwrite Personal Data stored on Processor’s systems using the then-existing features and functionality of the Services, Processor shall delete or return all Personal Data to Controller, in accordance with Data Protection Laws, within sixty (60) days after the expiration or termination of the Agreement, unless Processor is obligated by law to retain some or all of the Personal Data; provided, however, Controller shall be responsible for existing copies of Personal Data contained in files Controller and its users upload to Processor’s cloud-based application as permitted by the Agreement. The foregoing timing to return or delete any Personal Data in Processor’s custody or control shall not apply to Personal Data which Processor has archived on its back-up systems. Processor maintains archival copies on a six (6) month rotation. As such, archived Personal Data shall not be deleted by Processor until up to six (6) months after the date that the Personal Data in Processor’s active systems has been deleted or returned to Controller. Controller will bear and pay for all costs incurred by Processor in connection with any return or deletion of Personal Data that Controller requires Processor to perform that is outside the scope of Processor’s customary data retention policies.

5. **Records and Audits.**

- 5.1. Provision of Information. To the extent required by Data Protection Laws, upon Customer’s written request, Processor shall make available to Controller the information in Processor’s control which is necessary to demonstrate Controller’s compliance with Data Protection Laws.
- 5.2. Controller’s Right to Audit. Controller may exercise its right of audit under Data Protection Laws through Processor providing (a) a copy of Processor’s then most recent SOC-2 Type 2 report, subject to the confidentiality obligations set forth in the Agreement, and (b) additional information in Processor’s possession or control to an EU Area supervisory authority when it requests or requires additional information in relation to the data processing activities carried out by Processor under this DPA.

6. **Personnel and Sub-Processors.**

- 6.1. Instructions. Processor shall require Processor’s Personnel and Sub-Processors to process Personal Data solely in accordance with the Instructions, unless otherwise required by Data Protection Laws (in which case Processor shall notify Controller).
- 6.2. Confidentiality. Processor may disclose or transfer Personal Data to Processor’s Personnel and Sub-Processors for the Business Purpose. Processor will ensure that its Personnel and Sub-Processors are subject to confidentiality obligations that are substantially similar to those set forth in the Agreement.
- 6.3. Appointment of Sub-Processors. Controller hereby authorizes the appointment of, and Processor’s use of, the Sub-Processors currently listed at Exhibit 3 (the “**Sub-Processor List**”) for the processing of Personal Data for the Business Purpose. Processor may, by giving no less than thirty (30) days’ notice to Controller (which such notice may be via email or via the Services), add or make changes to the Sub-Processor List, and Processor will make such updated version of the Sub-Processor List, including the details of the processing and the location, available to Controller. If Controller objects to the appointment of any new Sub-Processor on reasonable data protection grounds within fourteen (14) days of such notice, Processor shall have the right to cure any objection that Controller has through one of the following options (to be selected at Processor’s sole discretion): (a) Processor will offer reasonable alternative(s) to provide its services without such Sub-Processor; (b) Processor will take reasonable steps to remove Controller’s objection to, and will proceed to use, the applicable Sub-Processor with regard to the Personal Data; or (c) Processor may cease to provide or Controller cease to use (temporarily or permanently) the particular aspect of the Services that would involve the use of such Sub-Processor. If none on the above options are reasonably available to Processor and the objection has not been resolved to each party’s reasonable satisfaction within 30 days after Processor’s receipt of Controller’s objection, either Party may terminate the affected Order Form(s) and Controller will be entitled to a pro-rata refund for the prepaid fees for the Services not performed as of the date of termination. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Processor may replace a Sub-Processor without prior notice to Controller if the need for the change is, in Processor’s sole discretion, urgent and necessary to provide the Processor’s services and the reason for the change is beyond the Processor’s reasonable control. In such case, Processor shall notify Controller of

such replacement as soon as reasonably practicable and Controller shall retain the right to object to the replacement Sub-Processor as set forth above.

- 6.4. Processor's Obligations. Processor shall ensure that all Sub-Processors are bound by written agreements that contain substantially similar terms as are set out in this DPA with respect to the protection of Personal Data, to the extent applicable to the nature of the services provided by such Sub-Processor. Except as otherwise set forth in the Agreement, Processor shall be liable for the acts and omissions of its Sub-Processors to the same extent Processor would be liable if performing the services of each Sub-Processor directly under this DPA.

7. **Cross-Border Data Transfers.**

- 7.1. General Authorization to Transfer. Customer acknowledges and agrees that Cyara and its Sub-Processors may (a) provide the Services from any state, province, country, or other jurisdiction, and/or (b) transfer and process the Personal Data anywhere in the world where Cyara or its Sub-Processors maintain data processing operations. Cyara will, at all times, provide an adequate level of protection for the Personal Data processed, in accordance with the requirements of Data Protection Laws. Notwithstanding the foregoing, transfers of EU Area Personal Data are subject to the requirements set forth in Section 7.2 (EU Area Personal Data Transfers) below.

7.2. EU Area Personal Data Transfers.

7.2.1. Transfers by Customer to Cyara.

- (a) EU Area Personal Data. Transfers of EU Area Personal Data (except UK Personal Data) by Controller to Processor in Third Countries are subject to the 2021 EU SCCs, *Module Two* (Controller to Processor) attached hereto and incorporated by reference as Exhibit 1. **For the sake of clarity, if and to the extent the 2021 EU SCCs apply, signatures of assent of Customer and Cyara to the Agreement will be deemed signatures to the 2021 EU SCCs.** To the extent that any substitute or additional appropriate safeguards or mechanisms under any EU Area Law are required to transfer data to a Third Country, the parties agree to implement the same as soon as is reasonably practicable and document such requirements for implementation in an attachment to this DPA.
- (b) Swiss Personal Data. For transfers of Personal Data that are subject to the FADP, the 2021 EU SCCs shall apply, with the following differences to the extent required by the FADP:
- (i) References to the GDPR in the 2021 EU SCCs are understood to be as references to the FADP insofar as the data transfers are subject exclusively to the FADP and not to the GDPR. References to the GDPR in the 2021 EU SCCs are understood to be as references to both the FADP and the GDPR insofar as the data transfers are subject to both the FADP and the GDPR;
 - (ii) The term "member state" shall not be interpreted in such a way as to exclude data subjects in Switzerland from the possibility of suing for their rights in their place of habitual residence (Switzerland) in accordance with Clause 18(c) of the 2021 EU SCCs;
 - (iii) References to personal data in the 2021 EU SCCs also refer to data about identifiable legal entities until the entry into force of revisions to the FADP that eliminate this broader scope; and
 - (iv) Under Annex I.C of the 2021 EU SCCs (Competent Supervisory Authority), (1) where the transfer is subject exclusively to the FADP and not the GDPR, the supervisory authority is the Swiss Federal Data Protection and Information Commissioner, and (2) where the transfer is subject to both the FADP and the GDPR, the supervisory authority is the Swiss Federal Data Protection and Information Commissioner insofar as the transfer is governed by the FADP, and the supervisory authority as set forth in Annex I.C insofar as the transfer is governed by the GDPR.
- (c) UK Personal Data. Transfers of UK Personal Data by Customer to Cyara in Third Countries are subject to the 2021 EU SCCs as modified by the UK Addendum attached hereto and incorporated by reference as Exhibit 2. **For the sake of clarity, if and to the extent that the UK Addendum applies, signatures of assent of Customer and Cyara to the Agreement will be deemed signatures to the UK Addendum.**
- (d) The following terms will apply to the 2021 EU SCCs and the 2021 EU SCCs as modified by the UK Addendum, whether used pursuant to this Section 7.2.1 or Section 7.2.2 below:

- (i) On request by a Data Subject, Customer may make a copy of the 2021 EU SCCs available to the Data Subject in accordance with Clause 8.3 of the 2021 EU SCCs. Customer shall not make the entirety of this DPA available, but a copy of the 2021 EU SCCs only, and Customer shall use commercially reasonable efforts to consult with Cyara in order to redact the 2021 EU SCCs to the extent necessary to protect Cyara's business secrets or other Confidential Information prior to sharing the 2021 EU SCCs with the Data Subject. The parties shall use good faith efforts to coordinate a response to the Data Subject regarding the reasons for the redactions, to the extent reasonably practicable without revealing the redacted information.
- (ii) Cyara will provide assistance to Customer to erase or rectify inaccurate Personal Data in accordance with Clause 8.4 of the 2021 EU SCCs by providing appropriate technical and organizational measures where possible through the Services and/or as outlined in the Documentation.
- (iii) For purposes of Clause 8.5 of the 2021 EU SCCs, Cyara will (1) comply with its obligations to return or destroy all Personal Data as specified in Section 4.10 (Return of Personal Data) of this DPA, and (2) provide certification of such destruction on upon Customer's written request therefor.
- (iv) Customer's right of audit under Clause 8.9 of the 2021 EU SCCs may be exercised as specified in Section 5 (Records and Audits) of this DPA.
- (v) Customer's rights regarding Cyara's Sub-Processors under Clause 9(a) of the 2021 EU SCCs are subject to Section 6 (Personnel and Sub-Processors) of this DPA. The Parties agree that copies of the Sub-Processor agreements that Cyara must provide to Customer pursuant to clause 9(c) of the 2021 EU SCCs may have commercial information, or clauses unrelated to the 2021 EU SCCs or their equivalent, removed by Cyara beforehand, and that such copies will be provided only upon written request by Customer.

7.2.2. Onward Transfers. In connection with the provision of the Services to Customer, Cyara may transfer and process EU Area Personal Data to and in Third Countries, provided that its Sub-Processors take measures to adequately protect such data consistent with Data Protection Laws. Such measures may include, to the extent available and applicable under such Data Protection Laws:

- (a) Adequacy. Processing in a country, territory, or one or more specified sectors that are considered under Data Protection Laws as providing an adequate level of data protection;
- (b) SCCs. Cyara may enter into and comply with the Standard Contractual Clauses for Personal Data transfers to Third Countries, including any successors or amendments to such clauses or such other applicable contractual terms adopted and approved under Data Protection Laws;
- (c) BCRs. Processing in compliance with Binding Corporate Rules in accordance with Data Protection Laws; or
- (d) Other Approved Transfer Mechanisms. Implementing any other data transfer mechanisms or certifications approved under Data Protection Laws, including, as applicable, any approved successor or replacement to the EU-US Privacy Shield framework or the Swiss-US Privacy Shield framework.

To the extent that any substitute or additional appropriate safeguards or transfer mechanisms under EU Area Law are required to transfer data to a Third Country, the parties agree to implement the same as soon as practicable and document such requirements for implementation in an attachment to this DPA.

7.2.3. Supplementary Measures. To the extent required by Data Protection Laws, in cases where transfer of EU Area Personal Data to Third Countries which do not provide an equivalent level of protection as granted under applicable EU Area Laws, the Parties agree to implement additional supplementary measures as may be required on a case by case basis. Such supplementary measures may include the following:

- (a) Encryption. Cyara shall encrypt Personal Data when appropriate and in any case: (i) when it is transferred, communicated, or otherwise transmitted electronically outside Cyara's system to a Third Country; (ii) in connection with remote access connectivity involving such Personal Data; (iii) to the extent any portable devices are used to process Personal Data; and (iv) in any circumstances required under applicable Data Protection Laws.

- (b) Monitoring Requests. Cyara will regularly review, assess, and continuously monitor the scope of requests for access to Personal Data by law enforcement and other authorities in the country or regions where Cyara processes Personal Data, and the safeguards and recourses in place to protect Data Subjects, and to immediately inform Customer in the case of a change in Data Protection Laws that would materially impact such access by authorities or recourses available to Data Subjects.

8. **Processor's Liability**. Processor's entire liability arising out of or relating to this DPA (including the SCCs), whether in contract, tort, or under any other theory of liability, is subject to the applicable exclusions and limitations of liability clauses set forth in the Agreement. For the avoidance of doubt, Processor's total liability for all claims from Controller and all of its users arising out of or related to the Agreement or this DPA will apply in aggregate for all claims under both the Agreement and this DPA. Nothing in this DPA will limit Processor's liability with respect to any liability or loss which may not be limited under Data Protection Laws.

9. **Miscellaneous**.

- 9.1. Governing Law. This DPA will be governed by and construed in accordance with governing law and jurisdiction provisions in the Agreement, unless required otherwise by Data Protection Laws.
- 9.2. No Third Party Beneficiaries. A person who is not a party to this DPA will not have any rights under this DPA (including under the Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act 1999) to enforce any term of this DPA. No one other than a party to this DPA (and their respective successors and permitted assignees) shall have any right to enforce any of its terms, unless otherwise required by Data Protection Laws.
- 9.3. Severability. The provisions of this DPA are severable. If any phrase, clause, or provision is invalid or unenforceable, in whole or in part, such invalidity or unenforceability shall affect only such phrase, clause, or provision, and the rest of the DPA shall remain in full force and effect.
- 9.4. Order of Precedence. Except for the changes made by this DPA, the Agreement remains unchanged and in full force and effect. If there is any conflict between this DPA and the Agreement, this DPA shall prevail to the extent of that conflict so far as the subject matter concerns the processing of Personal Data. In the event of any conflict or inconsistency between the terms of this DPA and the terms the SCCs, then, only insofar as the SCCs apply, the SCCs shall prevail.
- 9.5. Entire Agreement. This DPA constitutes and embodies the entire agreement and understanding between the parties with respect to the subject matter hereof and supersedes all prior or contemporaneous written, electronic or oral communications, representations, agreements or understandings between the parties with respect thereto. Other than in respect of statements made fraudulently, no other representations or terms will apply or form part of this DPA. This DPA is without prejudice to the rights and obligations of the parties under the Agreement which will continue to have full force and effect. Cyara may modify the terms contained in this DPA at any time by posting the applicable updated version on Cyara's website or by otherwise notifying Customer as described in the Agreement. The modified terms will become effective upon posting or, if Cyara notifies Customer as described in the Agreement, as stated in the notice provided. By continuing to use the Services after the effective date of any such modifications, Customer agrees to be bound by the modified terms. It is also Customer's responsibility to check the Cyara website regularly for any such modifications.

EXHIBIT 1

STANDARD CONTRACTUAL CLAUSES

Module Two: Transfer Controller to Processor

For EU Area Personal Data transfers (excluding UK Personal Data)

SECTION I

Clause 1

Purpose and scope

- (a) The purpose of these standard contractual clauses is to ensure compliance with the requirements of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data (General Data Protection Regulation) (¹) for the transfer of data to a third country.
- (b) The Parties:
 - (i) the natural or legal person(s), public authority/ies, agency/ies or other body/ies (hereinafter 'entity/ies') transferring the personal data, as listed in Annex I.A (hereinafter each 'data exporter'), and
 - (ii) the entity/ies in a third country receiving the personal data from the data exporter, directly or indirectly via another entity also Party to these Clauses, as listed Annex I.A (hereinafter each 'data importer') have agreed to these standard contractual clauses (hereinafter: 'Clauses').
- (c) These Clauses apply with respect to the transfer of personal data as specified in Annex 1.B.
- (d) The Appendix to these Clauses containing the Annexes referred to therein forms an integral part of these Clauses.

Clause 2

Effect and invariability of the Clauses

- (a) These Clauses set out appropriate safeguards, including enforceable data subject rights and effective legal remedies, pursuant to Article 46(1) and Article 46(2)(c) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and, with respect to data transfers from controllers to processors and/or processors to processors, standard contractual clauses pursuant to Article 28(7) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, provided they are not modified, except to select the appropriate Module(s) or to add or update information in the Appendix. This does not prevent the Parties from including the standard contractual clauses laid down in these Clauses in a wider contract and/or to add other clauses or additional safeguards, provided that they do not contradict, directly or indirectly, these Clauses or prejudice the fundamental rights or freedoms of data subjects.
- (b) These Clauses are without prejudice to obligations to which the data exporter is subject by virtue of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

Clause 3

Third-party beneficiaries

- (a) Data subjects may invoke and enforce these Clauses, as third-party beneficiaries, against the data exporter and/or data importer, with the following exceptions:
 - (i) Clause 1, Clause 2, Clause 3, Clause 6, Clause 7;
 - (ii) Clause 8.1(b), 8.9(a), (c), (d) and (e);
 - (iii) Clause 9(a), (c), (d) and (e);

¹ Where the data exporter is a processor subject to Regulation (EU) 2016/679 acting on behalf of a Union institution or body as controller, reliance on these Clauses when engaging another processor (sub-processing) not subject to Regulation (EU) 2016/679 also ensures compliance with Article 29(4) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2018 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data by the Union institutions, bodies, offices and agencies and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Regulation (EC) No 45/2001 and Decision No 1247/2002/ED (OJ L 295, 21.11.2018, p. 39), to the extent these Clauses and the data protection obligations as set out in the contract or other legal act between the controller and the processor pursuant to Article 29(3) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 are aligned. This will in particular be the case where the controller and processor rely on the standard contractual clauses included in Decision 2021/915.

- (iv) Clause 12(a), (d) and (f);
- (v) Clause 13;
- (vi) Clause 15.1(c), (d) and (e);
- (vii) Clause 16(e);
- (viii) Clause 18(a) and (b).

(b) Paragraph (a) is without prejudice to rights of data subjects under Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

Clause 4

Interpretation

- (a) Where these Clauses use terms that are defined in Regulation (EU) 2016/679, those terms shall have the same meaning as in that Regulation.
- (b) These Clauses shall be read and interpreted in the light of the provisions of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.
- (c) These Clauses shall not be interpreted in a way that conflicts with rights and obligations provided for in Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

Clause 5

Hierarchy

In the event of a contradiction between these Clauses and the provisions of related agreements between the Parties, existing at the time these Clauses are agreed or entered into thereafter, these Clauses shall prevail.

Clause 6

Description of the transfer(s)

The details of the transfer(s), and in particular the categories of personal data that are transferred and the purpose(s) for which they are transferred, are specified in Annex I.B.

Clause 7

Docking clause

- (a) An entity that is not a Party to these Clauses may, with the agreement of the Parties, accede to these Clauses at any time, either as a data exporter or as a data importer, by completing the Appendix and signing Annex I.A.
- (b) Once it has completed the Appendix and signed Annex I.A, the acceding entity shall become a Party to these Clauses and have the rights and obligations of a data exporter or data importer in accordance with its designation in Annex I.A.
- (c) The acceding entity shall have no rights or obligations arising under these Clauses from the period prior to becoming a Party.

SECTION II – OBLIGATIONS OF THE PARTIES

Clause 8

Data protection safeguards

The data exporter warrants that it has used reasonable efforts to determine that the data importer is able, through the implementation of appropriate technical and organisational measures, to satisfy its obligations under these Clauses.

8.1 Instructions

- (a) The data importer shall process the personal data only on documented instructions from the data exporter. The data exporter may give such instructions throughout the duration of the contract.
- (b) The data importer shall immediately inform the data exporter if it is unable to follow those instructions.

8.2 Purpose limitation

The data importer shall process the personal data only for the specific purpose(s) of the transfer, as set out in Annex I.B, unless

on further instructions from the data exporter.

8.3 Transparency

On request, the data exporter shall make a copy of these Clauses, including the Appendix as completed by the Parties, available to the data subject free of charge. To the extent necessary to protect business secrets or other confidential information, including the measures described in Annex II and personal data, the data exporter may redact part of the text of the Appendix to these Clauses prior to sharing a copy, but shall provide a meaningful summary where the data subject would otherwise not be able to understand its content or exercise his/her rights. On request, the Parties shall provide the data subject with the reasons for the redactions, to the extent possible without revealing the redacted information. This Clause is without prejudice to the obligations of the data exporter under Articles 13 and 14 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

8.4 Accuracy

If the data importer becomes aware that the personal data it has received is inaccurate, or has become outdated, it shall inform the data exporter without undue delay. In this case, the data importer shall cooperate with the data exporter to erase or rectify the data.

8.5 Duration of processing and erasure or return of data

Processing by the data importer shall only take place for the duration specified in Annex I.B. After the end of the provision of the processing services, the data importer shall, at the choice of the data exporter, delete all personal data processed on behalf of the data exporter and certify to the data exporter that it has done so, or return to the data exporter all personal data processed on its behalf and delete existing copies. Until the data is deleted or returned, the data importer shall continue to ensure compliance with these Clauses. In case of local laws applicable to the data importer that prohibit return or deletion of the personal data, the data importer warrants that it will continue to ensure compliance with these Clauses and will only process it to the extent and for as long as required under that local law. This is without prejudice to Clause 14, in particular the requirement for the data importer under Clause 14(e) to notify the data exporter throughout the duration of the contract if it has reason to believe that it is or has become subject to laws or practices not in line with the requirements under Clause 14(a).

8.6 Security of processing

- (a) The data importer and, during transmission, also the data exporter shall implement appropriate technical and organisational measures to ensure the security of the data, including protection against a breach of security leading to accidental or unlawful destruction, loss, alteration, unauthorised disclosure or access to that data (hereinafter 'personal data breach'). In assessing the appropriate level of security, the Parties shall take due account of the state of the art, the costs of implementation, the nature, scope, context and purpose(s) of processing and the risks involved in the processing for the data subjects. The Parties shall in particular consider having recourse to encryption or pseudonymisation, including during transmission, where the purpose of processing can be fulfilled in that manner. In case of pseudonymisation, the additional information for attributing the personal data to a specific data subject shall, where possible, remain under the exclusive control of the data exporter. In complying with its obligations under this paragraph, the data importer shall at least implement the technical and organisational measures specified in Annex II. The data importer shall carry out regular checks to ensure that these measures continue to provide an appropriate level of security.
- (b) The data importer shall grant access to the personal data to members of its personnel only to the extent strictly necessary for the implementation, management and monitoring of the contract. It shall ensure that persons authorised to process the personal data have committed themselves to confidentiality or are under an appropriate statutory obligation of confidentiality.
- (c) In the event of a personal data breach concerning personal data processed by the data importer under these Clauses, the data importer shall take appropriate measures to address the breach, including measures to mitigate its adverse effects. The data importer shall also notify the data exporter without undue delay after having become aware of the breach. Such notification shall contain the details of a contact point where more information can be obtained, a description of the nature of the breach (including, where possible, categories and approximate number of data subjects and personal data records concerned), its likely consequences and the measures taken or proposed to address the breach including, where appropriate, measures to mitigate its possible adverse effects. Where, and in so far as, it is not possible to provide all information at the same time, the initial notification shall contain the information then available and further information shall, as it becomes available, subsequently be provided without undue delay.
- (d) The data importer shall cooperate with and assist the data exporter to enable the data exporter to comply with its obligations under Regulation (EU) 2016/679, in particular to notify the competent supervisory authority and the affected data subjects, taking into account the nature of processing and the information available to the data importer.

8.7 Sensitive data

Where the transfer involves personal data revealing racial or ethnic origin, political opinions, religious or philosophical beliefs, or trade union membership, genetic data, or biometric data for the purpose of uniquely identifying a natural person, data concerning health or a person's sex life or sexual orientation, or data relating to criminal convictions and offences (hereinafter 'sensitive data'), the data importer shall apply the specific restrictions and/or additional safeguards described in Annex I.B.

8.8 Onward transfers

The data importer shall only disclose the personal data to a third party on documented instructions from the data exporter. In addition, the data may only be disclosed to a third party located outside the European Union ⁽⁴⁾ (in the same country as the data importer or in another third country, hereinafter 'onward transfer') if the third party is or agrees to be bound by these Clauses, under the appropriate Module, or if:

- (a) the onward transfer is to a country benefitting from an adequacy decision pursuant to Article 45 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 that covers the onward transfer;
- (b) the third party otherwise ensures appropriate safeguards pursuant to Articles 46 or 47 Regulation of (EU) 2016/679 with respect to the processing in question;
- (c) the onward transfer is necessary for the establishment, exercise or defence of legal claims in the context of specific administrative, regulatory or judicial proceedings; or
- (d) the onward transfer is necessary in order to protect the vital interests of the data subject or of another natural person.

Any onward transfer is subject to compliance by the data importer with all the other safeguards under these Clauses, in particular purpose limitation.

8.9 Documentation and compliance

- (a) The data importer shall promptly and adequately deal with enquiries from the data exporter that relate to the processing under these Clauses.
- (b) The Parties shall be able to demonstrate compliance with these Clauses. In particular, the data importer shall keep appropriate documentation on the processing activities carried out on behalf of the data exporter.
- (c) The data importer shall make available to the data exporter all information necessary to demonstrate compliance with the obligations set out in these Clauses and at the data exporter's request, allow for and contribute to audits of the processing activities covered by these Clauses, at reasonable intervals or if there are indications of non-compliance. In deciding on a review or audit, the data exporter may take into account relevant certifications held by the data importer.
- (d) The data exporter may choose to conduct the audit by itself or mandate an independent auditor. Audits may include inspections at the premises or physical facilities of the data importer and shall, where appropriate, be carried out with reasonable notice.
- (e) The Parties shall make the information referred to in paragraphs (b) and (c), including the results of any audits, available to the competent supervisory authority on request.

Clause 9

Use of sub-processors

- (a) **GENERAL WRITTEN AUTHORISATION** The data importer has the data exporter's general authorisation for the engagement of sub-processor(s) from an agreed list. The data importer shall specifically inform the data exporter in writing of any intended changes to that list through the addition or replacement of sub-processors at least thirty (30) days in advance, thereby giving the data exporter sufficient time to be able to object to such changes prior to the engagement of the sub-processor(s). The data importer shall provide the data exporter with the information necessary to enable the data exporter to exercise its right to object.
- (b) Where the data importer engages a sub-processor to carry out specific processing activities (on behalf of the data exporter),

⁴ The Agreement on the European Economic Area (EEA Agreement) provides for the extension of the European Union's internal market to the three EEA States Iceland, Liechtenstein and Norway. The Union data protection legislation, including Regulation (EU) 2016/679, is covered by the EEA Agreement and has been incorporated into Annex XI thereto. Therefore, any disclosure by the data importer to a third party located in the EEA does not qualify as an onward transfer for the purpose of these Clauses.

it shall do so by way of a written contract that provides for, in substance, the same data protection obligations as those binding the data importer under these Clauses, including in terms of third-party beneficiary rights for data subjects. ⁽⁸⁾ The Parties agree that, by complying with this Clause, the data importer fulfils its obligations under Clause 8.8. The data importer shall ensure that the sub-processor complies with the obligations to which the data importer is subject pursuant to these Clauses.

- (c) The data importer shall provide, at the data exporter's request, a copy of such a sub-processor agreement and any subsequent amendments to the data exporter. To the extent necessary to protect business secrets or other confidential information, including personal data, the data importer may redact the text of the agreement prior to sharing a copy.
- (d) The data importer shall remain fully responsible to the data exporter for the performance of the sub-processor's obligations under its contract with the data importer. The data importer shall notify the data exporter of any failure by the sub-processor to fulfil its obligations under that contract.
- (e) The data importer shall agree a third-party beneficiary clause with the sub-processor whereby – in the event the data importer has factually disappeared, ceased to exist in law or has become insolvent – the data exporter shall have the right to terminate the sub-processor contract and to instruct the sub-processor to erase or return the personal data.

Clause 10

Data subject rights

- (a) The data importer shall promptly notify the data exporter of any request it has received from a data subject. It shall not respond to that request itself unless it has been authorised to do so by the data exporter.
- (b) The data importer shall assist the data exporter in fulfilling its obligations to respond to data subjects' requests for the exercise of their rights under Regulation (EU) 2016/679. In this regard, the Parties shall set out in Annex II the appropriate technical and organisational measures, taking into account the nature of the processing, by which the assistance shall be provided, as well as the scope and the extent of the assistance required.
- (c) In fulfilling its obligations under paragraphs (a) and (b), the data importer shall comply with the instructions from the data exporter.

Clause 11

Redress

- (a) The data importer shall inform data subjects in a transparent and easily accessible format, through individual notice or on its website, of a contact point authorised to handle complaints. It shall deal promptly with any complaints it receives from a data subject.
- (b) In case of a dispute between a data subject and one of the Parties as regards compliance with these Clauses, that Party shall use its best efforts to resolve the issue amicably in a timely fashion. The Parties shall keep each other informed about such disputes and, where appropriate, cooperate in resolving them.
- (c) Where the data subject invokes a third-party beneficiary right pursuant to Clause 3, the data importer shall accept the decision of the data subject to:
 - (i) lodge a complaint with the supervisory authority in the Member State of his/her habitual residence or place of work, or the competent supervisory authority pursuant to Clause 13;
 - (ii) refer the dispute to the competent courts within the meaning of Clause 18.
- (d) The Parties accept that the data subject may be represented by a not-for-profit body, organisation or association under the conditions set out in Article 80(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.
- (e) The data importer shall abide by a decision that is binding under the applicable EU or Member State law.
- (f) The data importer agrees that the choice made by the data subject will not prejudice his/her substantive and procedural rights to seek remedies in accordance with applicable laws.

Clause 12

Liability

⁸ This requirement may be satisfied by the sub-processor acceding to these Clauses under the appropriate Module, in accordance with Clause 7.

- (a) Each Party shall be liable to the other Party/ies for any damages it causes the other Party/ies by any breach of these Clauses.
- (b) The data importer shall be liable to the data subject, and the data subject shall be entitled to receive compensation, for any material or non-material damages the data importer or its sub-processor causes the data subject by breaching the third-party beneficiary rights under these Clauses.
- (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (b), the data exporter shall be liable to the data subject, and the data subject shall be entitled to receive compensation, for any material or non-material damages the data exporter or the data importer (or its sub-processor) causes the data subject by breaching the third-party beneficiary rights under these Clauses. This is without prejudice to the liability of the data exporter and, where the data exporter is a processor acting on behalf of a controller, to the liability of the controller under Regulation (EU) 2016/679 or Regulation (EU) 2018/1725, as applicable.
- (d) The Parties agree that if the data exporter is held liable under paragraph (c) for damages caused by the data importer (or its sub-processor), it shall be entitled to claim back from the data importer that part of the compensation corresponding to the data importer's responsibility for the damage.
- (e) Where more than one Party is responsible for any damage caused to the data subject as a result of a breach of these Clauses, all responsible Parties shall be jointly and severally liable and the data subject is entitled to bring an action in court against any of these Parties.
- (f) The Parties agree that if one Party is held liable under paragraph (e), it shall be entitled to claim back from the other Party/ies that part of the compensation corresponding to its/their responsibility for the damage.
- (g) The data importer may not invoke the conduct of a sub-processor to avoid its own liability.

Clause 13

Supervision

- (a) Where the data exporter is established in an EU Member State: The supervisory authority with responsibility for ensuring compliance by the data exporter with Regulation (EU) 2016/679 as regards the data transfer is the EU Member State in which the data exporter is established and shall act as competent supervisory authority.

Where the data exporter is not established in an EU Member State, but falls within the territorial scope of application of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 in accordance with its Article 3(2) and has appointed a representative pursuant to Article 27(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679: The supervisory authority of the Member State in which the representative within the meaning of Article 27(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 is established, as indicated in Annex I.C, shall act as competent supervisory authority.

Where the data exporter is not established in an EU Member State, but falls within the territorial scope of application of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 in accordance with its Article 3(2) without however having to appoint a representative pursuant to Article 27(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679: The supervisory authority of one of the Member States in which the data subjects whose personal data is transferred under these Clauses in relation to the offering of goods or services to them, or whose behaviour is monitored, are located, as indicated in Annex I.C, shall act as competent supervisory authority.

- (b) The data importer agrees to submit itself to the jurisdiction of and cooperate with the competent supervisory authority in any procedures aimed at ensuring compliance with these Clauses. In particular, the data importer agrees to respond to enquiries, submit to audits and comply with the measures adopted by the supervisory authority, including remedial and compensatory measures. It shall provide the supervisory authority with written confirmation that the necessary actions have been taken.

SECTION III – LOCAL LAWS AND OBLIGATIONS IN CASE OF ACCESS BY PUBLIC AUTHORITIES

Clause 14

Local laws and practices affecting compliance with the Clauses

- (a) The Parties warrant that they have no reason to believe that the laws and practices in the third country of destination applicable to the processing of the personal data by the data importer, including any requirements to disclose personal data or measures authorising access by public authorities, prevent the data importer from fulfilling its obligations under these Clauses. This is based on the understanding that laws and practices that respect the essence of the fundamental rights and freedoms and do not exceed what is necessary and proportionate in a democratic society to safeguard one of the objectives listed in Article 23(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, are not in contradiction with these Clauses.

- (b) The Parties declare that in providing the warranty in paragraph (a), they have taken due account in particular of the following elements:
- (i) the specific circumstances of the transfer, including the length of the processing chain, the number of actors involved and the transmission channels used; intended onward transfers; the type of recipient; the purpose of processing; the categories and format of the transferred personal data; the economic sector in which the transfer occurs; the storage location of the data transferred;
 - (ii) the laws and practices of the third country of destination– including those requiring the disclosure of data to public authorities or authorising access by such authorities – relevant in light of the specific circumstances of the transfer, and the applicable limitations and safeguards ⁽¹²⁾;
 - (iii) any relevant contractual, technical or organisational safeguards put in place to supplement the safeguards under these Clauses, including measures applied during transmission and to the processing of the personal data in the country of destination.
- (c) The data importer warrants that, in carrying out the assessment under paragraph (b), it has made its best efforts to provide the data exporter with relevant information and agrees that it will continue to cooperate with the data exporter in ensuring compliance with these Clauses.
- (d) The Parties agree to document the assessment under paragraph (b) and make it available to the competent supervisory authority on request.
- (e) The data importer agrees to notify the data exporter promptly if, after having agreed to these Clauses and for the duration of the contract, it has reason to believe that it is or has become subject to laws or practices not in line with the requirements under paragraph (a), including following a change in the laws of the third country or a measure (such as a disclosure request) indicating an application of such laws in practice that is not in line with the requirements in paragraph (a).
- (f) Following a notification pursuant to paragraph (e), or if the data exporter otherwise has reason to believe that the data importer can no longer fulfil its obligations under these Clauses, the data exporter shall promptly identify appropriate measures (e.g. technical or organisational measures to ensure security and confidentiality) to be adopted by the data exporter and/or data importer to address the situation. The data exporter shall suspend the data transfer if it considers that no appropriate safeguards for such transfer can be ensured, or if instructed by the competent supervisory authority to do so. In this case, the data exporter shall be entitled to terminate the contract, insofar as it concerns the processing of personal data under these Clauses. If the contract involves more than two Parties, the data exporter may exercise this right to termination only with respect to the relevant Party, unless the Parties have agreed otherwise. Where the contract is terminated pursuant to this Clause, Clause 16(d) and (e) shall apply.

Clause 15

Obligations of the data importer in case of access by public authorities

15.1 Notification

- (a) The data importer agrees to notify the data exporter and, where possible, the data subject promptly (if necessary with the help of the data exporter) if it:
- (i) receives a legally binding request from a public authority, including judicial authorities, under the laws of the country of destination for the disclosure of personal data transferred pursuant to these Clauses; such notification shall include information about the personal data requested, the requesting authority, the legal basis for the request and the response provided; or
 - (ii) becomes aware of any direct access by public authorities to personal data transferred pursuant to these Clauses in accordance with the laws of the country of destination; such notification shall include all information available to the

¹² As regards the impact of such laws and practices on compliance with these Clauses, different elements may be considered as part of an overall assessment. Such elements may include relevant and documented practical experience with prior instances of requests for disclosure from public authorities, or the absence of such requests, covering a sufficiently representative time-frame. This refers in particular to internal records or other documentation, drawn up on a continuous basis in accordance with due diligence and certified at senior management level, provided that this information can be lawfully shared with third parties. Where this practical experience is relied upon to conclude that the data importer will not be prevented from complying with these Clauses, it needs to be supported by other relevant, objective elements, and it is for the Parties to consider carefully whether these elements together carry sufficient weight, in terms of their reliability and representativeness, to support this conclusion. In particular, the Parties have to take into account whether their practical experience is corroborated and not contradicted by publicly available or otherwise accessible, reliable information on the existence or absence of requests within the same sector and/or the application of the law in practice, such as case law and reports by independent oversight bodies.

importer.

- (b) If the data importer is prohibited from notifying the data exporter and/or the data subject under the laws of the country of destination, the data importer agrees to use its best efforts to obtain a waiver of the prohibition, with a view to communicating as much information as possible, as soon as possible. The data importer agrees to document its best efforts in order to be able to demonstrate them on request of the data exporter.
- (c) Where permissible under the laws of the country of destination, the data importer agrees to provide the data exporter, at regular intervals for the duration of the contract, with as much relevant information as possible on the requests received (in particular, number of requests, type of data requested, requesting authority/ies, whether requests have been challenged and the outcome of such challenges, etc.).
- (d) The data importer agrees to preserve the information pursuant to paragraphs (a) to (c) for the duration of the contract and make it available to the competent supervisory authority on request.
- (e) Paragraphs (a) to (c) are without prejudice to the obligation of the data importer pursuant to Clause 14(e) and Clause 16 to inform the data exporter promptly where it is unable to comply with these Clauses.

15.2 Review of legality and data minimisation

- (a) The data importer agrees to review the legality of the request for disclosure, in particular whether it remains within the powers granted to the requesting public authority, and to challenge the request if, after careful assessment, it concludes that there are reasonable grounds to consider that the request is unlawful under the laws of the country of destination, applicable obligations under international law and principles of international comity. The data importer shall, under the same conditions, pursue possibilities of appeal. When challenging a request, the data importer shall seek interim measures with a view to suspending the effects of the request until the competent judicial authority has decided on its merits. It shall not disclose the personal data requested until required to do so under the applicable procedural rules. These requirements are without prejudice to the obligations of the data importer under Clause 14(e).
- (b) The data importer agrees to document its legal assessment and any challenge to the request for disclosure and, to the extent permissible under the laws of the country of destination, make the documentation available to the data exporter. It shall also make it available to the competent supervisory authority on request.
- (c) The data importer agrees to provide the minimum amount of information permissible when responding to a request for disclosure, based on a reasonable interpretation of the request.

SECTION IV – FINAL PROVISIONS

Clause 16

Non-compliance with the Clauses and termination

- (a) The data importer shall promptly inform the data exporter if it is unable to comply with these Clauses, for whatever reason.
- (b) In the event that the data importer is in breach of these Clauses or unable to comply with these Clauses, the data exporter shall suspend the transfer of personal data to the data importer until compliance is again ensured or the contract is terminated. This is without prejudice to Clause 14(f).
- (c) The data exporter shall be entitled to terminate the contract, insofar as it concerns the processing of personal data under these Clauses, where:
 - (i) the data exporter has suspended the transfer of personal data to the data importer pursuant to paragraph (b) and compliance with these Clauses is not restored within a reasonable time and in any event within one month of suspension;
 - (ii) the data importer is in substantial or persistent breach of these Clauses; or
 - (iii) the data importer fails to comply with a binding decision of a competent court or supervisory authority regarding its obligations under these Clauses.

In these cases, it shall inform the competent supervisory authority of such non-compliance. Where the contract involves more than two Parties, the data exporter may exercise this right to termination only with respect to the relevant Party, unless the Parties have agreed otherwise.

- (d) Personal data that has been transferred prior to the termination of the contract pursuant to paragraph (c) shall at the choice

of the data exporter immediately be returned to the data exporter or deleted in its entirety. The same shall apply to any copies of the data. The data importer shall certify the deletion of the data to the data exporter. Until the data is deleted or returned, the data importer shall continue to ensure compliance with these Clauses. In case of local laws applicable to the data importer that prohibit the return or deletion of the transferred personal data, the data importer warrants that it will continue to ensure compliance with these Clauses and will only process the data to the extent and for as long as required under that local law.

- (e) Either Party may revoke its agreement to be bound by these Clauses where (i) the European Commission adopts a decision pursuant to Article 45(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 that covers the transfer of personal data to which these Clauses apply; or (ii) Regulation (EU) 2016/679 becomes part of the legal framework of the country to which the personal data is transferred. This is without prejudice to other obligations applying to the processing in question under Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

Clause 17

Governing law

These Clauses shall be governed by the law of one of the EU Member States, provided such law allows for third-party beneficiary rights. The Parties agree that this shall be (a) the law of the EU Member State in which the data exporter is established; or (b) if the data exporter is not established in any EU Member State, the law of Ireland.

Clause 18

Choice of forum and jurisdiction

- (a) Any dispute arising from these Clauses shall be resolved by the courts of an EU Member State.
- (b) The Parties agree that those shall be the courts of Ireland.
- (c) A data subject may also bring legal proceedings against the data exporter and/or data importer before the courts of the Member State in which he/she has his/her habitual residence.
- (d) The Parties agree to submit themselves to the jurisdiction of such courts.

ANNEX I

A. LIST OF PARTIES

Data exporter(s):

1. **Name:** The Customer that is a party to the DPA to which this Exhibit 1 is attached

Address: As set forth in the relevant Agreement

Contact person's name, position and contact details: As set forth in the relevant Agreement

Activities relevant to the data transferred under these Clauses:

Data exporter is an entity that has subscribed to data importer's software-as-a-service and related services, as more fully described in the Agreement and the applicable Order Form(s).

Role (controller/processor): Controller

Data importer(s):

1. **Name:** The Cyara entity that is a party to the DPA to which this Exhibit A is attached

Address: As set forth in the relevant Agreement

Contact person's name, position and contact details: Data Protection Expert, privacy@cyara.com

Activities relevant to the data transferred under these Clauses:

Data importer is a company providing software-as-a-service and related services, which generally speaking is software that provides a platform supporting the entire software development lifecycle of the customer experience systems operated by its customers, as more fully described in the Agreement and the applicable Order Form(s).

Role (controller/processor): Processor

B. DESCRIPTION OF TRANSFER

1. Categories of data subjects whose personal data is transferred:

- Data exporter's primary administrator and billing contact (if different from administrator)
- Data exporter's authorized users who access the Services
- Other Data Subjects as defined by data exporter in its sole discretion

2. Categories of personal data transferred:

Data Exporter Personal Data:

- a. Name
- b. Email address
- c. Mailing and billing address, phone and fax number
- d. Billing and accounting information, including payment details

Primary administrator, billing contact, and authorized users Personal Data:

- a. Name
- b. Title
- c. Email address
- d. Relation to data exporter
- e. User name
- f. Password

- g. Online identifiers, such as IP address or cookies
 - h. Device information
3. Sensitive data transferred (if applicable) and applied restrictions or safeguards that fully take into consideration the nature of the data and the risks involved, such as for instance strict purpose limitation, access restrictions (including access only for staff having followed specialised training), keeping a record of access to the data, restrictions for onward transfers or additional security measures:

Sensitive data may be transferred by the data exporter in its sole discretion.
 4. The frequency of the transfer (e.g. whether the data is transferred on a one-off or continuous basis):

The data is transferred on a one-off basis as needed when data importer's personnel perform updates and upgrades to the servers on which the Services are hosted and when data importer's personnel provide technical support to data exporter and/or data exporter's users of the Services.
 5. Nature of the processing:

The nature of the Processing of the Personal Data is as described in the Agreement and applicable Order Form(s) and generally includes supporting the entire software development lifecycle of the customer experience systems operated by the data exporter.
 6. Purpose(s) of the data transfer and further processing:

The purpose for the collection, processing, and use of the Personal Data by data importer is to provide the Services as described in the Agreement and applicable Order Form(s).
 7. The period for which the personal data will be retained, or, if that is not possible, the criteria used to determine that period:

The duration of the processing will expire upon the termination of the Agreement or as soon thereafter as is reasonably possible. Data importer will not retain Personal Data any longer than is necessary to accomplish the purposes of the processing.
 8. For transfers to (sub-) processors, also specify subject matter, nature and duration of the processing:

The subject matter, nature, and duration of the processing are more fully described in the Agreement, the DPA, and the Order Form(s). Transfers to Sub-Processors will occur on a one-off basis as needed to enable the applicable Sub-Processor to provide the applicable services.

C. COMPETENT SUPERVISORY AUTHORITY

Identify the competent supervisory authority/ies in accordance with Clause 13: For matters related to data transfers pursuant to the GDPR:

1. Where the data exporter is established in an EU Member State: The supervisory authority with responsibility for ensuring compliance by the data exporter with Regulation (EU) 2016/679 as regards the data transfer shall act as competent supervisory authority.
2. Where the data exporter is not established in an EU Member State, but falls within the territorial scope of application of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 in accordance with its Article 3(2) and has appointed a representative pursuant to Article 27(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679: The supervisory authority of the Member State in which the representative within the meaning of Article 27(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 is established shall act as competent supervisory authority.
3. Where the data exporter is not established in an EU Member State, but falls within the territorial scope of application of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 in accordance with its Article 3(2) without however having to appoint a representative pursuant to Article 27(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679: The supervisory authority of one of the Member States in which the data subjects whose personal data is transferred under these Clauses in relation to the offering of goods or services to them, or whose behaviour is monitored, are located shall act as competent supervisory authority.
4. For matters related to data transfers pursuant to the FADP: The Federal Data Protection and Information Commissioner of Switzerland.



ANNEX II

TECHNICAL AND ORGANISATIONAL MEASURES INCLUDING TECHNICAL AND ORGANISATIONAL MEASURES TO ENSURE THE SECURITY OF THE DATA

Description of the technical and organisational measures implemented by the data importer(s) (including any relevant certifications) to ensure an appropriate level of security, taking into account the nature, scope, context and purpose of the processing, and the risks for the rights and freedoms of natural persons. For transfers to Sub-Processors, also describe the specific technical and organisational measures to be taken by the Sub-Processor to be able to provide assistance to the controller and, for transfers from a processor to a sub-processor, to the data exporter.

<p>1. Access Control</p> <p>Preventing unauthorized product access</p>	1.1. Outsourced processing	Cyara hosts the Services with outsourced cloud infrastructure providers and relies on contractual agreements, privacy policies, and vendor compliance programs in order to protect data processed or stored by these vendors.
	1.2 Physical security	Cyara hosts its product infrastructure with multitenant, outsourced infrastructure providers. Hardware located at the outsourced infrastructure providers' data centers is not owned by Cyara. Production servers and Customer-facing applications are logically and physically secured from our internal corporate information systems. The physical security controls are audited for SOC 2 Type II compliance.
	1.3 Customer authentication	Customers who interact with the products via the user interface must authenticate before accessing non-public customer data. All of Cyara's online services that aren't customer facing are behind a VPN, which can only be accessed through company work equipment (i.e., a laptop). The work equipment is secured with 2FA login authentication (personal password and employee USB fob). Cyara supports SSO via Okta, Azure or Google login.
	1.4 Authorization	Customers are not allowed direct access to the application infrastructure.
<p>2. Preventing Unauthorized Access to Products</p> <p>Cyara implements industry standard access controls and detection capabilities</p>	2.1 Access controls	Network access control mechanisms are designed to prevent network traffic using unauthorized protocols from reaching the product infrastructure. The technical measures implemented differ between infrastructure providers and include traditional firewall rules.

for its internal networks	2.2 Intrusion detection and prevention	Cyara implements a Web Application Firewall (WAF) solution to protect hosted customer websites and other internet-accessible applications. The WAF is designed to identify and prevent attacks against publicly available network services.
	2.3 Static code analysis	Code stored in Cyara's source code repositories is checked for best practices and identifiable software flaws using automated tooling.
	2.4 Penetration testing:	Cyara works with industry-recognized penetration testing service providers for penetration testing of the internal corporate network infrastructure at least annually. The intent of these penetration tests is to identify security vulnerabilities and mitigate the risk and business impact they pose to the in-scope systems.
3. Limitations of Privilege & Authorization Requirements	3.1 Product access	Cyara uses both Role-based-access controls (RBAC) based on authority/ responsibility as well as Principle of least privilege (POLP). Permissions are defined on a team by team basis. If an individual requires different access permissions from others on their team, they must be approved by the head of the appropriate department.
	3.2 Background checks	Cyara employment offers are contingent upon the results of a third-party background check. All employees are required to conduct themselves in a manner consistent with company guidelines, non-disclosure requirements, and ethical standards.
4. Transmission Control	4.1 In-transit	Cyara requires HTTPS encryption (also referred to as SSL or TLS) on all login interfaces. Its HTTPS implementation uses industry standard algorithms and certificates.
	4.2 At-rest	Cyara stores user passwords following policies that follow industry standard practices for security. It has implemented technologies to ensure that stored data is encrypted at rest.
5. Input Control	.5.1 Detection	Cyara's infrastructure is designed to log extensive information about the system behavior, traffic received, system authentication, and other application requests. Internal systems aggregate log data and alert appropriate employees of malicious, unintended, or anomalous activities. Its personnel, including security, operations, and support personnel, are responsive to known incidents.

	5.2 Response and tracking	Known security incidents are recorded, including description, dates and times of relevant activities, and incident disposition. Suspected and confirmed security incidents are investigated by security, operations, or support personnel, and appropriate resolution steps are identified and documented. For any confirmed incidents, Cyara takes appropriate steps to minimize product and Customer damage or unauthorized disclosure. Notification to the Customer will be in accordance with the terms of this DPA.
6. Availability Control	6.1 Infrastructure	The infrastructure providers use reasonable efforts to ensure a minimum of 99.95% uptime.
	6.2 Fault tolerance	Backup and replication strategies are designed to ensure redundancy and fail-over protections during a significant processing failure. Customer data is backed up to multiple durable data stores and replicated across multiple availability zones.
	6.3 Online replicas and backups	Where possible, Cyara's production databases are designed to replicate data between no less than one primary and one secondary database. All databases are backed up and maintained using at least industry standard methods.
	6.4 Disaster recovery plans	To ensure availability of information after an interruption or failure of critical processes, a disaster recovery plan is in place and tested regularly.

EXHIBIT 2
UK Addendum
International Data Transfer Addendum to the EU Commission Standard Contractual Clauses
 (Version B1.0, in force 21 March 2022)

This Addendum has been issued by the UK Information Commissioner for parties making restricted transfers. The UK Information Commissioner considers that it provides appropriate safeguards for restricted transfers when it is entered into as a legally binding contract.

Part 1: Tables

Table 1: Parties

Start date	This Addendum will take effect on the DPA Effective Date.	
The Parties	Exporter (who sends the restricted transfer)	Importer (who receives the restricted transfer)
Parties' details	See Annex I.A to Exhibit 1	See Annex I.A to Exhibit 1
Key Contact	See Annex I.A to Exhibit 1	See Annex I.A to Exhibit 1

Table 2: Selected SCCs, Modules and Selected Clauses

Addendum EU SCCs	The version of the Approved EU SCCs which this Addendum is appended to is as set forth in Exhibit 1 of the DPA.
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Table 3: Appendix Information

“Appendix Information” means the information which must be provided for the selected modules as set out in the Appendix of the Approved EU SCCs (other than the parties), and which for this Addendum is set out in:

Annex 1A: List of Parties:	As per Table 1 above.
Annex 1B: Description of Transfer:	See Annex I to Exhibit 1 of the DPA.
Annex II: Technical and organisational measures including technical and organisational measures to ensure the security of the data:	See Annex II to Exhibit 1 of the DPA.
Annex III: List of Sub-Processors (Modules 2 and 3 only):	See Exhibit 3 of the DPA.

Table 4: Ending this Addendum when the Approved Addendum Changes

Ending this Addendum when the Approved Addendum changes	Which parties may end this Addendum as set out in Section 19: <input type="checkbox"/> Importer <input type="checkbox"/> Exporter <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Neither party
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Part 2: Mandatory Clauses

Entering into this Addendum

- Each party agrees to be bound by the terms and conditions set out in this Addendum, in exchange for the other party also agreeing to be bound by this Addendum.

2. Although Annex 1A and Clause 7 of the Approved EU SCCs require signature by the parties, for the purpose of making restricted transfers, the parties may enter into this Addendum in any way that makes them legally binding on the parties and allows data subjects to enforce their rights as set out in this Addendum. Entering into this Addendum will have the same effect as signing the Approved EU SCCs and any part of the Approved EU SCCs.

Interpretation of this Addendum

3. Where this Addendum uses terms that are defined in the Approved EU SCCs those terms shall have the same meaning as in the Approved EU SCCs. In addition, the following terms have the following meanings:

Addendum	This International Data Transfer Addendum which is made up of this Addendum incorporating the Addendum EU SCCs.
Addendum EU SCCs	The version(s) of the Approved EU SCCs which this Addendum is appended to, as set out in Table 2, including the Appendix Information.
Appendix Information	As set out in Table 3.
Appropriate Safeguards	The standard of protection over the personal data and of data subjects' rights, which is required by UK Data Protection Laws when you are making a restricted transfer relying on standard data protection clauses under Article 46(2)(d) UK GDPR.
Approved Addendum	The template Addendum issued by the ICO and laid before Parliament in accordance with s119A of the Data Protection Act 2018 on 2 February 2022, as it is revised under Section 18.
Approved EU SCCs	The Standard Contractual Clauses set out in the Annex of Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2021/914 of 4 June 2021.
ICO	The Information Commissioner.
Restricted Transfer	A transfer which is covered by Chapter V of the UK GDPR.
UK	The United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.
UK Data Protection Laws	All laws relating to data protection, the processing of personal data, privacy and/or electronic communications in force from time to time in the UK, including the UK GDPR and the Data Protection Act 2018.
UK GDPR	As defined in section 3 of the Data Protection Act 2018.

4. This Addendum must always be interpreted in a manner that is consistent with UK Data Protection Laws and so that it fulfils the parties' obligation to provide the appropriate safeguards.
5. If the provisions included in the Addendum EU SCCs amend the Approved SCCs in any way which is not permitted under the Approved EU SCCs or the Approved Addendum, such amendment(s) will not be incorporated in this Addendum and the equivalent provision of the Approved EU SCCs will take their place.
6. If there is any inconsistency or conflict between UK Data Protection Laws and this Addendum, UK Data Protection Laws applies.
7. If the meaning of this Addendum is unclear or there is more than one meaning, the meaning which most closely aligns with UK Data Protection Laws applies.
8. Any references to legislation (or specific provisions of legislation) means that legislation (or specific provision) as it may change over time. This includes where that legislation (or specific provision) has been consolidated, re-enacted and/or replaced after this Addendum has been entered into.

Hierarchy

9. Although Clause 5 of the Approved EU SCCs sets out that the Approved EU SCCs prevail over all related agreements between the parties, the parties agree that, for restricted transfers, the hierarchy in Section 10 will prevail.
10. Where there is any inconsistency or conflict between the Approved Addendum and the Addendum EU SCCs (as applicable), the Approved Addendum overrides the Addendum EU SCCs, except where (and in so far as) the inconsistent or conflicting terms of the Addendum EU SCCs provides greater protection for data subjects, in which case those terms will override the Approved Addendum.
11. Where this Addendum incorporates Addendum EU SCCs which have been entered into to protect transfers subject to the General Data Protection Regulation (EU) 2016/679 then the parties acknowledge that nothing in this Addendum impacts those Addendum EU SCCs.

Incorporation of and changes to the EU SCCs

12. This Addendum incorporates the Addendum EU SCCs which are amended to the extent necessary so that:
 - a. Together they operate for data transfers made by the data exporter to the data importer, to the extent that UK Data Protection Laws apply to the data exporter's processing when making that data transfer, and they provide appropriate safeguards for those data transfers;
 - b. Sections 9 to 11 override Clause 5 (Hierarchy) of the Addendum EU SCCs; and
 - c. This Addendum (including the Addendum EU SCCs incorporated into it) is (1) governed by the laws of England and Wales and (2) any dispute arising from it is resolved by the courts of England and Wales, in each case unless the laws and/or courts of Scotland or Northern Ireland have been expressly selected by the Parties.
13. Unless the parties have agreed alternative amendments which meet the requirements of Section 12, the provisions of Section 15 will apply.
14. No amendments to the Approved EU SCCs other than to meet the requirements of Section 12 may be made.
15. The following amendments to the Addendum EU SCCs (for the purpose of Section 12) are made:
 - a. References to the "Clauses" means this Addendum, incorporating the Addendum EU SCCs;
 - b. In Clause 2, delete the words:

"and, with respect to data transfers from controllers to processors and/or processors to processors, standard contractual clauses pursuant to Article 28(7) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679";
 - c. Clause 6 (Description of the transfer(s)) is replaced with:

"The details of the transfers(s) and in particular the categories of personal data that are transferred and the purpose(s) for which they are transferred) are those specified in Annex I.B where UK Data Protection Laws apply to the data exporter's processing when making that transfer.";
 - d. Clause 8.7(i) of Module 1 is replaced with:

"it is to a country benefitting from adequacy regulations pursuant to Section 17A of the UK GDPR that covers the onward transfer";
 - e. Clause 8.8(i) of Modules 2 and 3 is replaced with:

"the onward transfer is to a country benefitting from adequacy regulations pursuant to Section 17A of the UK GDPR that covers the onward transfer;"
 - f. References to "Regulation (EU) 2016/679", "Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data (General Data Protection Regulation)" and "that Regulation" are all replaced by "UK Data Protection Laws". References to specific Article(s) of "Regulation (EU) 2016/679" are replaced with the equivalent Article or Section of UK Data Protection Laws;
 - g. References to Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 are removed;

- h. References to the “European Union”, “Union”, “EU”, “EU Member State”, “Member State” and “EU or Member State” are all replaced with the “UK”;
- i. The reference to “Clause 12(c)(i)” at Clause 10(b)(i) of Module one, is replaced with “Clause 11(c)(i)”;
- j. Clause 13(a) and Part C of Annex I are not used;
- k. The “competent supervisory authority” and “supervisory authority” are both replaced with the “Information Commissioner”;
- l. In Clause 16(e), subsection (i) is replaced with:
 “the Secretary of State makes regulations pursuant to Section 17A of the Data Protection Act 2018 that cover the transfer of personal data to which these clauses apply.”;
- m. Clause 17 is replaced with:
 “These Clauses are governed by the laws of England and Wales.”;
- n. Clause 18 is replaced with:
 “Any dispute arising from these Clauses shall be resolved by the courts of England and Wales. A data subject may also bring legal proceedings against the data exporter and/or data importer before the courts of any country in the UK. The Parties agree to submit themselves to the jurisdiction of such courts.”; and
- o. The footnotes to the Approved EU SCCs do not form part of the Addendum, except for footnotes 8, 9, 10 and 11.

Amendments to this Addendum

- 16. The parties may agree to change Clauses 17 and/or 18 of the Addendum EU SCCs to refer to the laws and/or courts of Scotland or Northern Ireland.
- 17. If the parties wish to change the format of the information included in Part 1: Tables of the Approved Addendum, they may do so by agreeing to the change in writing, provided that the change does not reduce the Appropriate Safeguards.
- 18. From time to time, the ICO may issue a revised Approved Addendum which:
 - a. Makes reasonable and proportionate changes to the Approved Addendum, including correcting errors in the Approved Addendum; and/or
 - b. Reflects changes to UK Data Protection Laws;

The revised Approved Addendum will specify the start date from which the changes to the Approved Addendum are effective and whether the parties need to review this Addendum including the Appendix Information. This Addendum is automatically amended as set out in the revised Approved Addendum from the start date specified.

- 19. If the ICO issues a revised Approved Addendum under Section 18, if any party selected in Table 4 “Ending the Addendum when the Approved Addendum changes”, will as a direct result of the changes in the Approved Addendum have a substantial, disproportionate and demonstrable increase in:
 - a. its direct costs of performing its obligations under the Addendum; and/or
 - b. its risk under the Addendum,

and in either case it has first taken reasonable steps to reduce those costs or risks so that it is not substantial and disproportionate, then that party may end this Addendum at the end of a reasonable notice period, by providing written notice for that period to the other party before the start date of the revised Approved Addendum.

- 20. The parties do not need the consent of any third party to make changes to this Addendum, but any changes must be made in accordance with its terms.

Alternative Part 2 Mandatory Clauses:

Mandatory Clauses	Part 2: Mandatory Clauses of the Approved Addendum, being the template Addendum B.1.0 issued by the ICO and laid before Parliament in accordance with s119A of the Data Protection Act 2018 on 2 February 2022, as it is revised under Section 18 of those Mandatory Clauses.
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Exhibit 3
Sub-Processor List

Cyara subprocessors

All Products

Name	Function	Hosting Location
HubSpot	Customer Management	USA
Netsuite	Finance Management	USA
Zendesk	Ticket System for escalations	USA
Salesforce	Customer Management	USA, EEA, UK
Atlassian	Project Management	USA, EEA
GitHub	Project Management	USA, EEA
LinkedIn, Instagram, Twitter (X), YouTube	Social Media	USA, EEA USA USA USA, EEA
Avaya	Phone Services	USA
Mission Cloud	AWS Account Management	USA
Google Workspace	Collaboration Tools	USA and EEA (depending on user preference)
Microsoft Office	Collaboration Tools	USA
Slack	Collaboration Tools	USA
Google Transcription	Google Transcription Services	USA
Hotjar.com	Website Analytics	EEA
Wistia.com	Video hosting (sales,marketing)	US
apcela	Dedicated connectivity aggregator	US
SumoLogic	Log Aggregator	US, EU, Australia instances
Grafana	Log Aggregator	US, EU, Australia instances
Ironclad, Inc.	Contract lifecycle management (CLM)	US
Workato	Workflow automation	EU and US

DocuSign	Electronic signature platform and document management	EU and US
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Employee Management and Job Applications

Name	Function	Hosting Location
BambooHR	Employee Management	US (segregation of EU from US is currently under review by Nicola)
CezanneHR (dormant, exSpearline)	Employee Management	EU
Lever	Talent Acquisition Platform	US
CV Checks	Background checks	AU / NZ
HireRight	Background checks	US / UK
WorkVivo	Internal communication	EEA
Cognito Forms	Visitor tracking	Australia
Cyara LMS	Training Platform	
WhistleB by Navex	Anonymous Whistleblowing Platform	EU

Cruncher, Pulse, Velocity

Name	Function	Hosting Location
AWS	Cloud Services	US West/US East for North America instance; UK; Australia; Ireland EAA (Depends on customer needs)
Gainsight CS	Customer Success Management Platform	USA, EU
Gainsight PX	Product Insights Platform	USA, EU

Voice Assure

Name	Function	Hosting Location
Google Cloud Services	Cloud Services	EEA
AWS	Cloud Services	EEA
Swapcard.com	Google analytics	EEA

testRTC

Name	Function	Hosting Location
Google Cloud Services	Cloud Services	US East

Botium

Name	Function	Location
AWS	Cloud Services	US East (new deployments), EU regions Austria, Germany (legacy deployments)
Azure Voice	Text to Speech	USA
AWS Polly	Text to Speech	USA
OpenAI	AI-powered language model developed	USA

Resolve AX

Name	Function	Hosting Location
AWS	Cloud Services	US US West/US East (Hancock) and Australia (NAB)
Timescale	Database services	US US West/US East (Hancock) and Australia (NAB)